# In The Name Of God



#### Early Growth Response 1 (Egr-1) Regulates Phosphorylation of Microtubule-associated Protein Tau in Mammalian Brain<sup>\*</sup>

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Parkinsonian Neurotoxin 1-Methyl-4phenyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine (MPTP) and α-Synuclein Mutations Promote Tau Protein Phosphorylation at Ser<sup>262</sup> and Destabilize Microtubule Cytoskeleton *in* 

#### Glycogen Synthase Kinase-3β Is Complexed with Tau Protein in Brain Microtubules<sup>\*</sup>

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#### Vitro<sup>\*</sup>

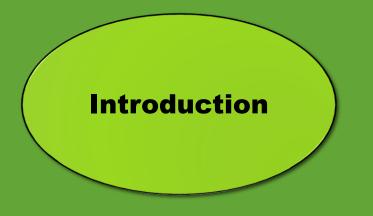
Hamid Y. Qureshi<sup>1</sup> and Hemant K. Paudel<sup>2</sup>

### Interaction of 14-3-3ζ with Microtubule-Associated Protein Tau within Alzheimer's Disease Neurofibrillary Tangles

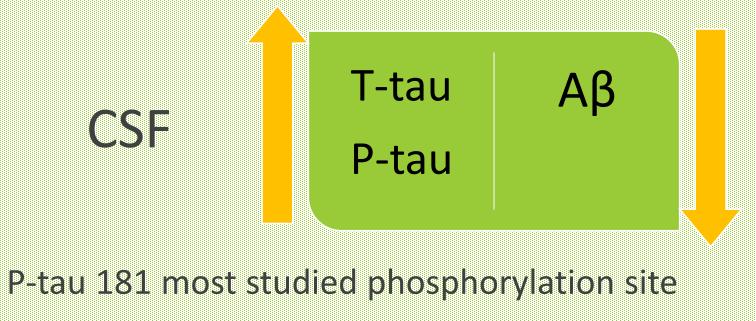
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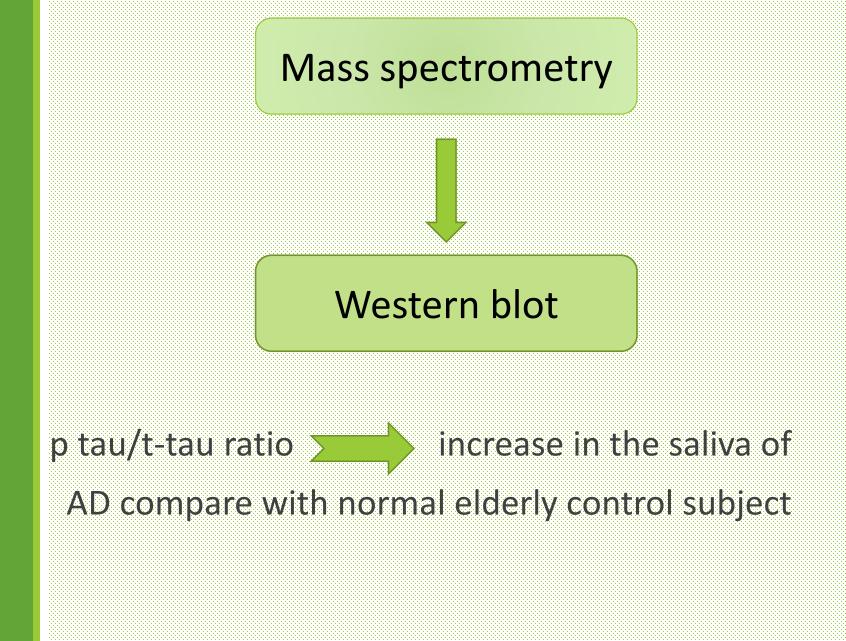


Biomarker for Alzheimer



Saliva an easily obtained biofluid

Biomarker for Alzheimer

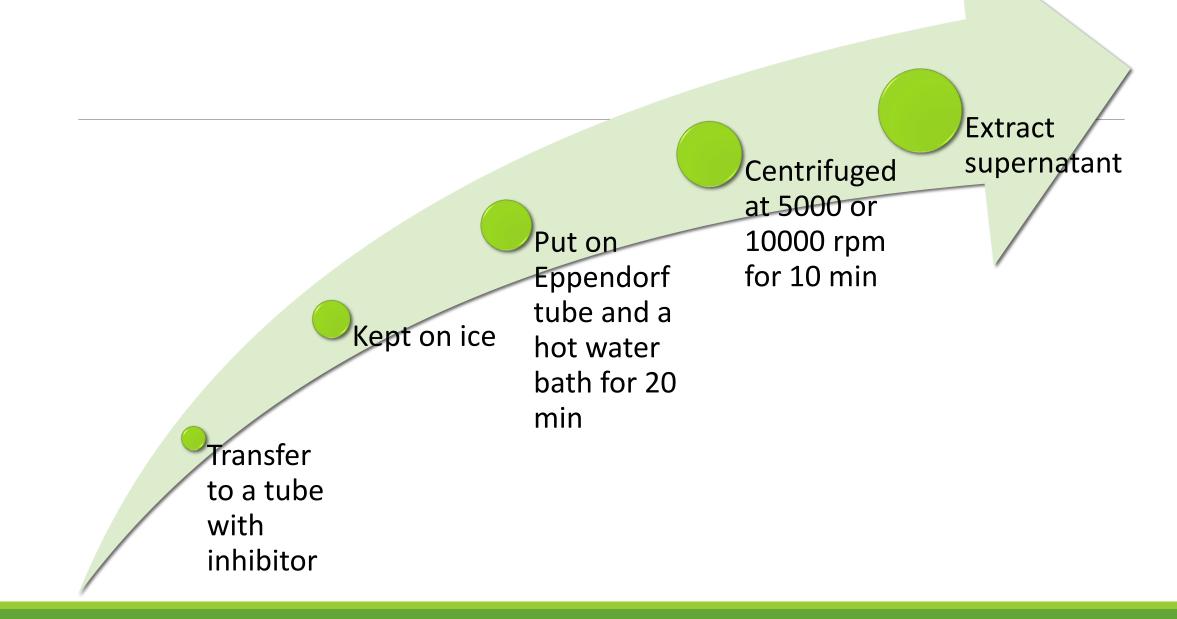


## Materials And method



# Sample collection

Saliva was collected in the morning Subject spit one sample of 4-5 ml into a strile 50ml poly propylene tube



## Subject

Round one
150 sample
AD (Alzheimer disease) •
MCI(mild cognitive impairment)

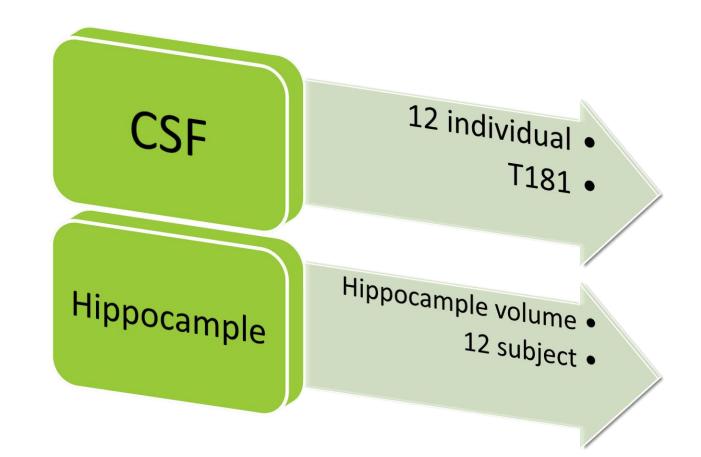
NEC(normal elderly control)

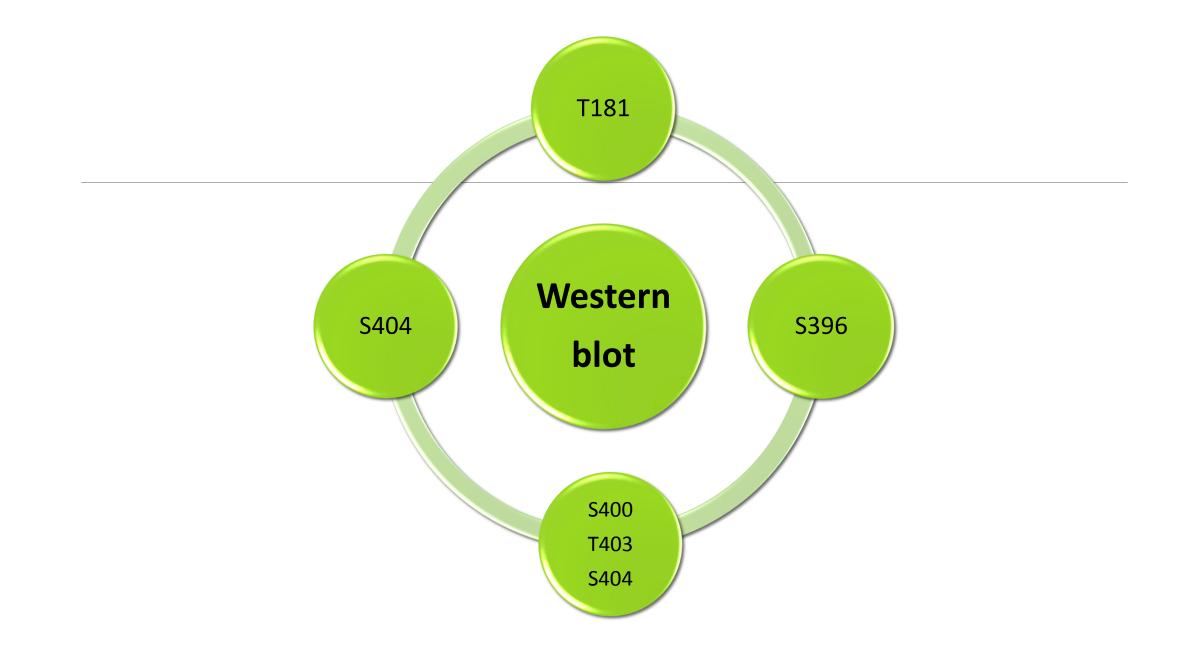
Table 1 Demographic information for round one data						
Subjects	N*	F:M	Median age (IQR)			
AD	46	22:24	80 (9)			
NEC	47	32:15	73 (6)			
MCI	55	32:23	78 (14)			

## subject

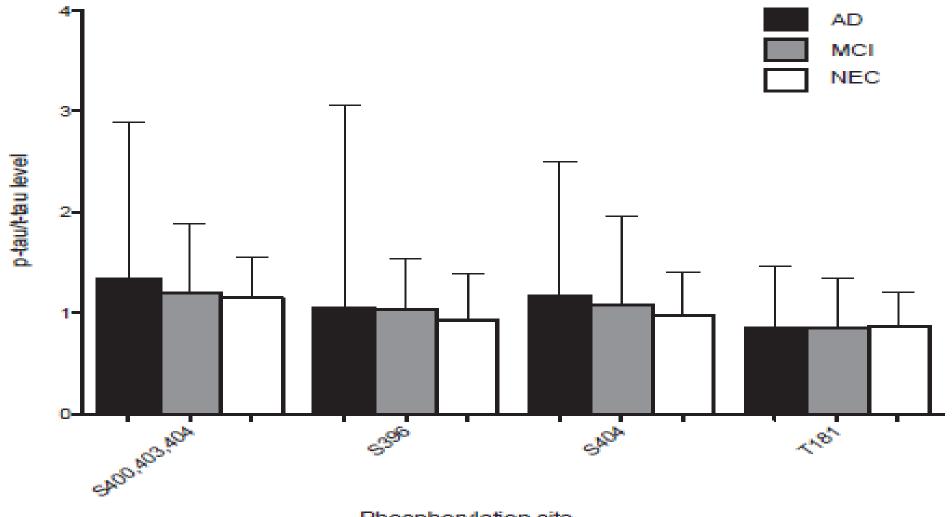
Round two	Table 2			
200 sample	Demographic information for round two data			
AD	Subjects	N	F:M	Median age (IQR)
NEC	AD	41	24:17	80 (8)
	NEC	44	30:14	72 (7)
FTD(frontotemporal dementi	FTD	16	5:11	71.5 (10)
YN(young normal)	NEUR	12	7:5	55 (11)
	YN	76	45:31	32 (22)
Neurology patient				

MCI	The subject displayed subjective memory complaints •	
FTD	A set of neurodegenerative disease involve predominant degeneration of • the frontal and temporal cortices	
NEC	Age > 60 year •	
YN	Aged 18-60 year •	
NEUR	Neurology patient with brain disease •	

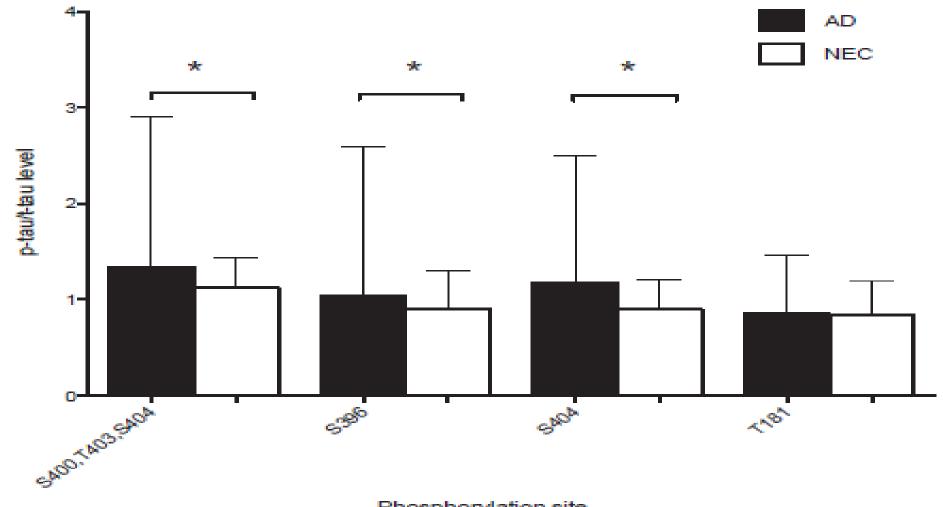




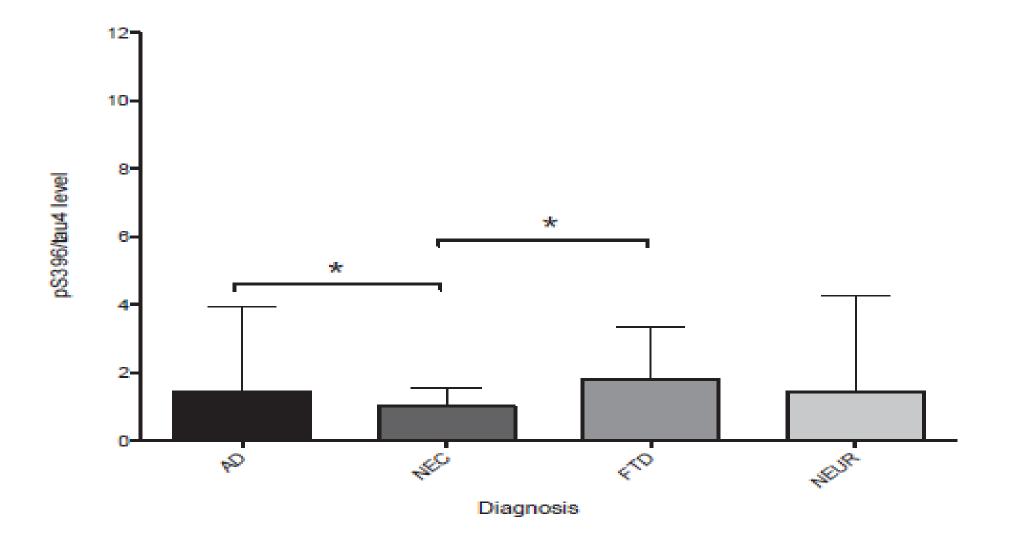


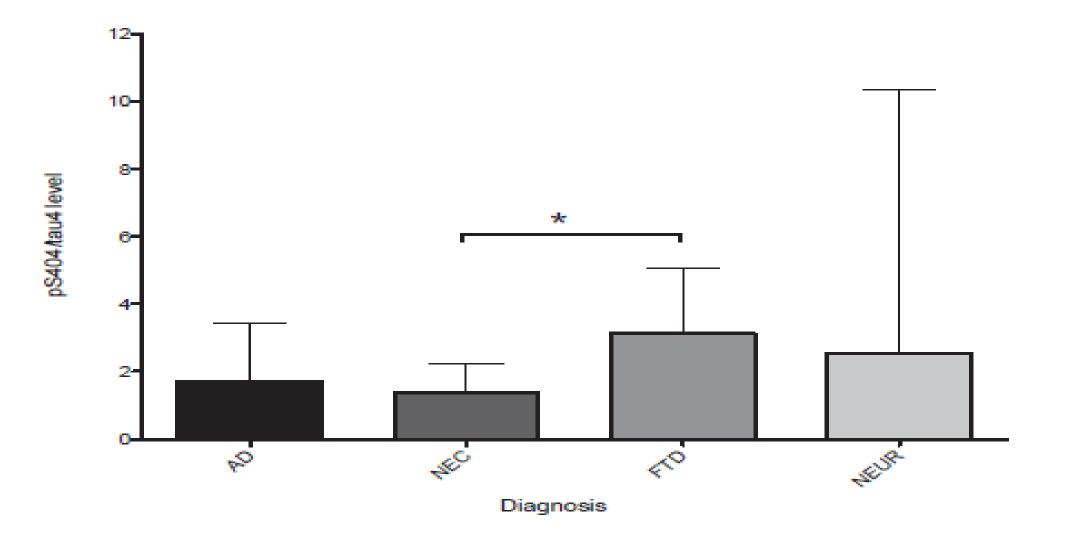


Phosphorylation site



Phosphorylation site







Salivary p-tau/t-tau ratio level

significant difference between AD,NEC at \$396

P-tau/t-tau ratio in FTD subject at S404

Only one (or two) out of the four sites examined showed a significant difference in p-tau/t-tau levels between AD and NEC

T181 did not show a difference between the two group

No significant correlation between the CSF p-tau/ttau ratio and salivary p-tau/t-tau was found

The most problematic finding for the use of this test as a biomarker was the variability in phosphorylation level of the AD group

Further study is needed to determine the stability of salivary tau to assess its utility as a biomarker

